



Bavarian Environment  
Agency



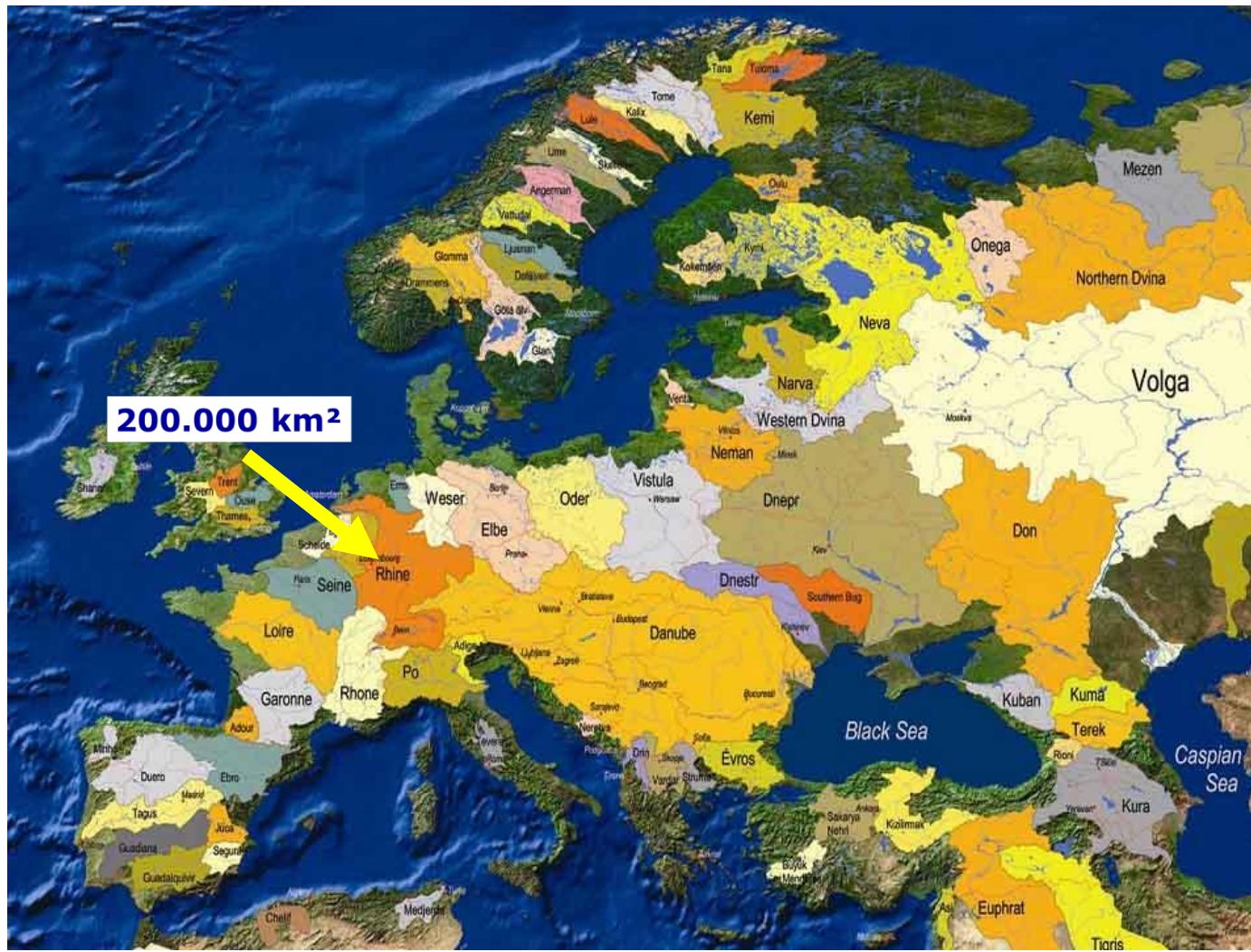
# Cooperation at the river basin level – the ICPR expert group on NTS

Dr. Uwe Kunkel

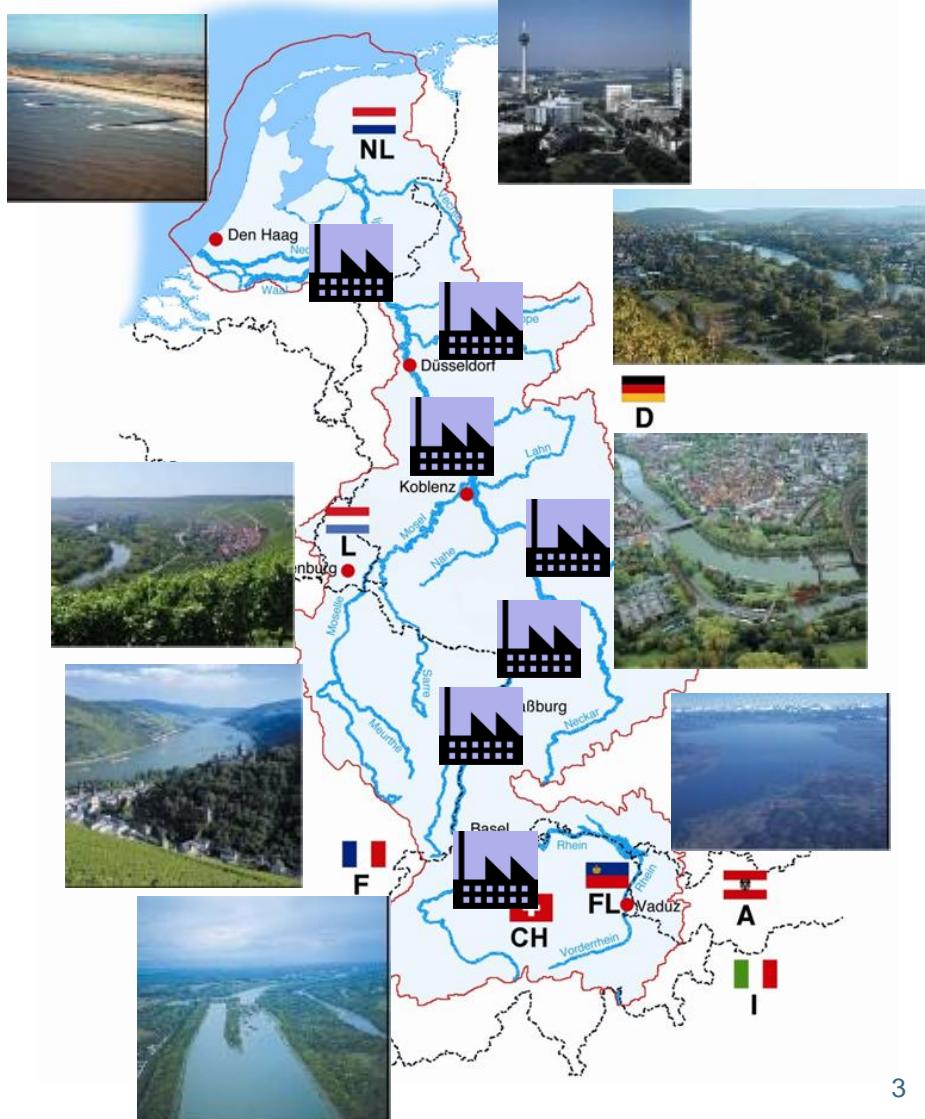
Bavarian Environment Agency  
on behalf of ICPR EG SANA



## River Rhine: a European river



## Rhine basin facts



**Main stream length: 1233 km**

**60 million inhabitants in 9 countries**

**Drinking water supply for 30 million people**

**Europe's most important navigation route (825 km)**

# The International Commission of the Protection of the Rhine (ICPR)

- **founded in 1950**
- **Members** (~200 people)

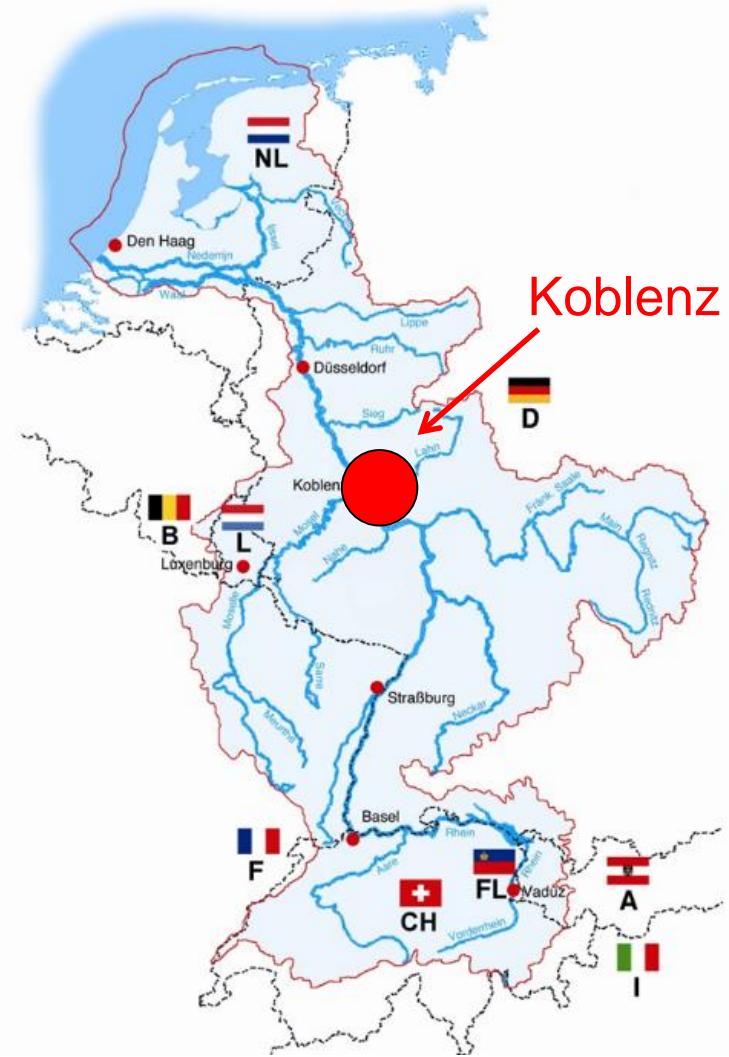
**Switzerland, France, Germany,  
Luxemburg, the Netherlands,  
European Union**

- **Observers**

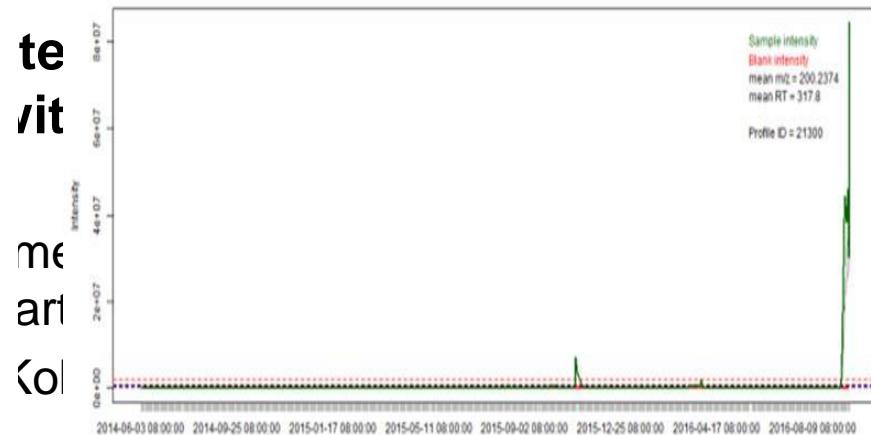
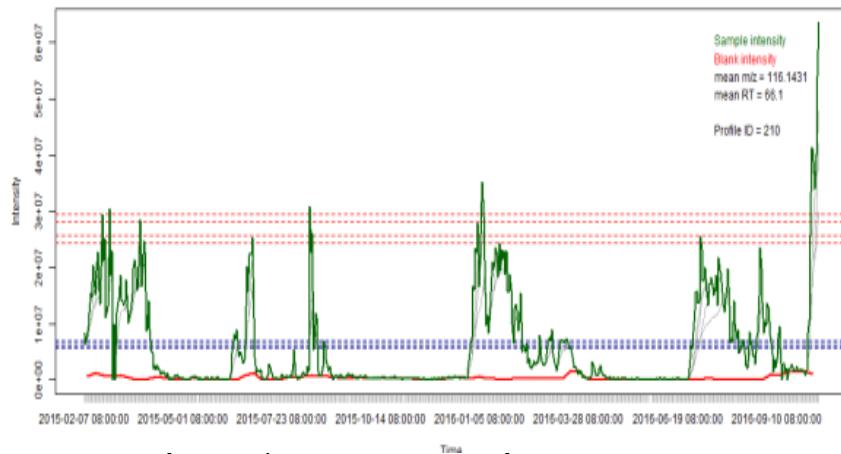
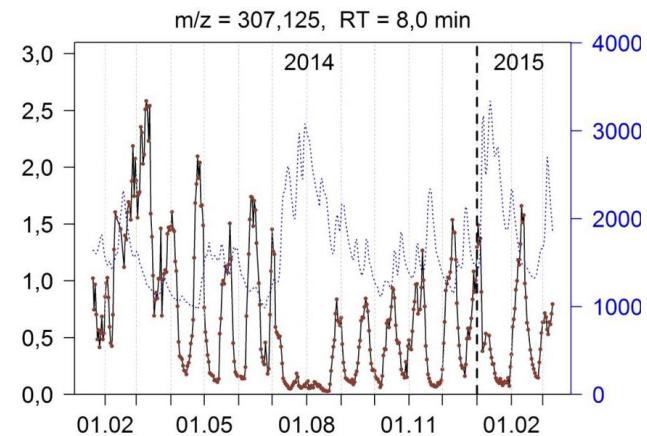
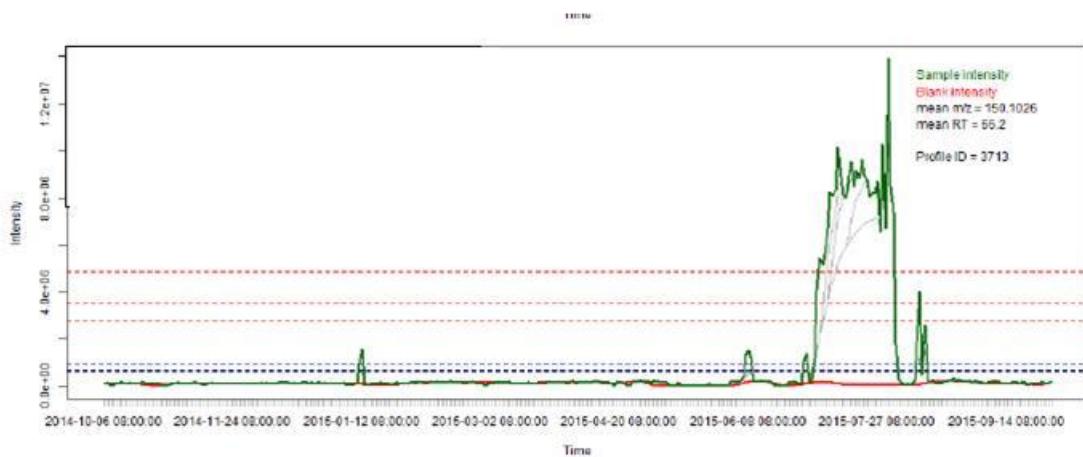
States: Austria, Liechtenstein,  
Belgium/Wallonia, Italy

Intergovernmental Organisations:  
River Commissions ...

Non-Governmental Organisations (20)



## Chemical monitoring within the ICPR



- Foundation of current SANA group in 2015

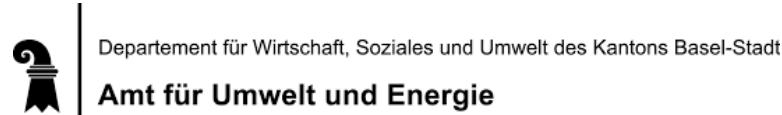
## Members of the expert group „Special Analytics“ (SANA)



Rijkswaterstaat  
Ministry of Infrastructure and the  
Environment



Bayerisches Landesamt für  
Umwelt



Experts on non-target analysis from  
different organizations

- research institutions
- national authorities
- federal authorities
- water suppliers

and different countries  
A, CH, D, NL, LUX, F

Chairs:  
Steffen Ruppe (AUE), Uwe Kunkel (LfU  
Bavaria)

## Tasks of the EG SANA

- Defining requirements for a transnational river monitoring and real-time alert system
  - Benefits of harmonized analytical methods?
  - Templates for efficient data and information exchange across states
  - Automated and uniform data evaluation workflows based on raw data
- Comparison of LC-HRMS/MS data of different laboratories
  - How similar are results when we harmonize the analytical methods as far as possible?
  - Are there systematic differences in the results of data derived from different types of mass spectrometers? What are consequences of these deviations?
- Detection of unknown/ so far not prioritized substances in the Rhine catchment

## Non-target trial – Approach and data processing

Common sample (Rhine water)

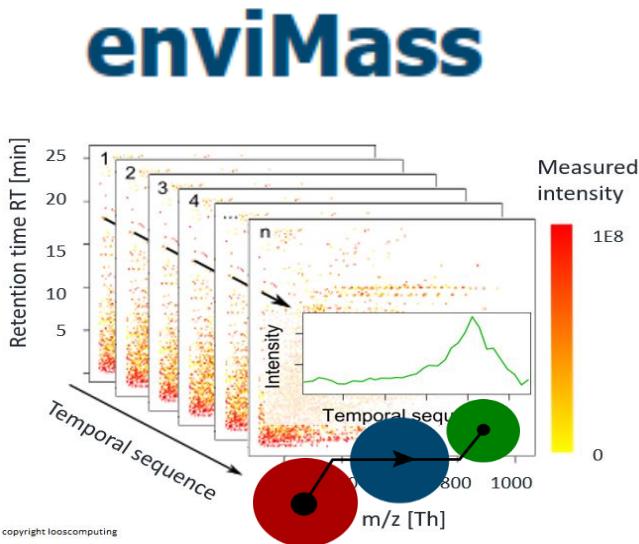


Standardized analytical conditions

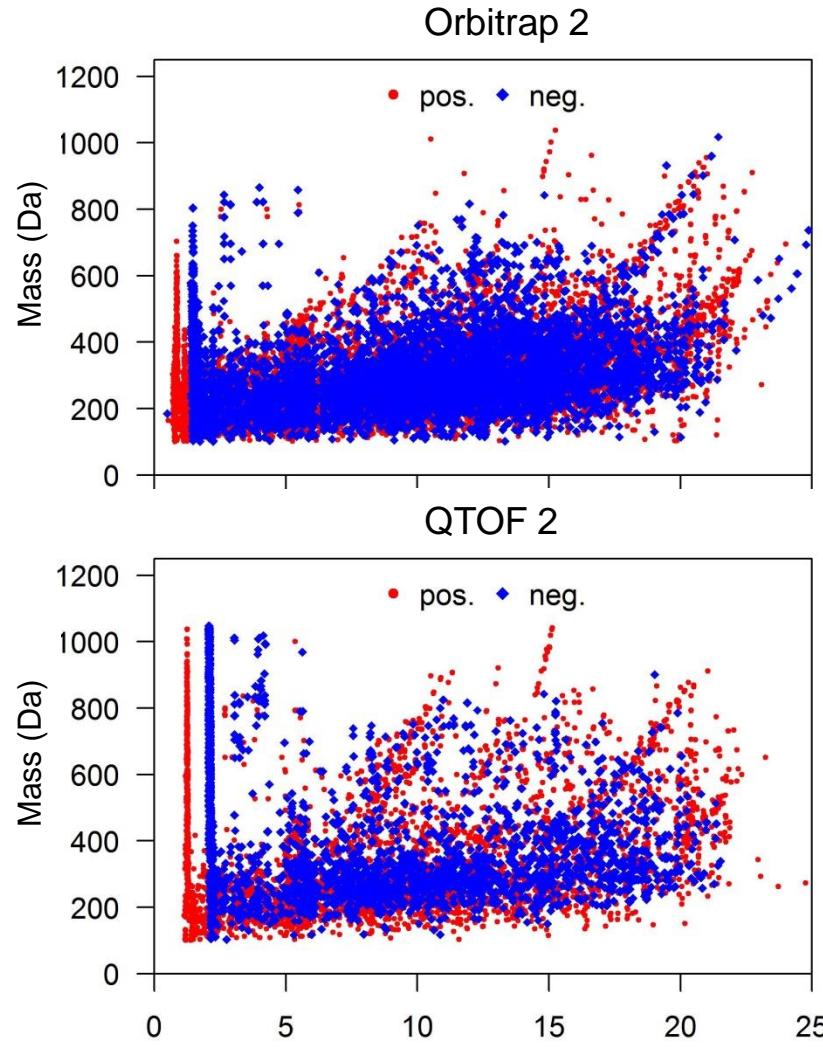
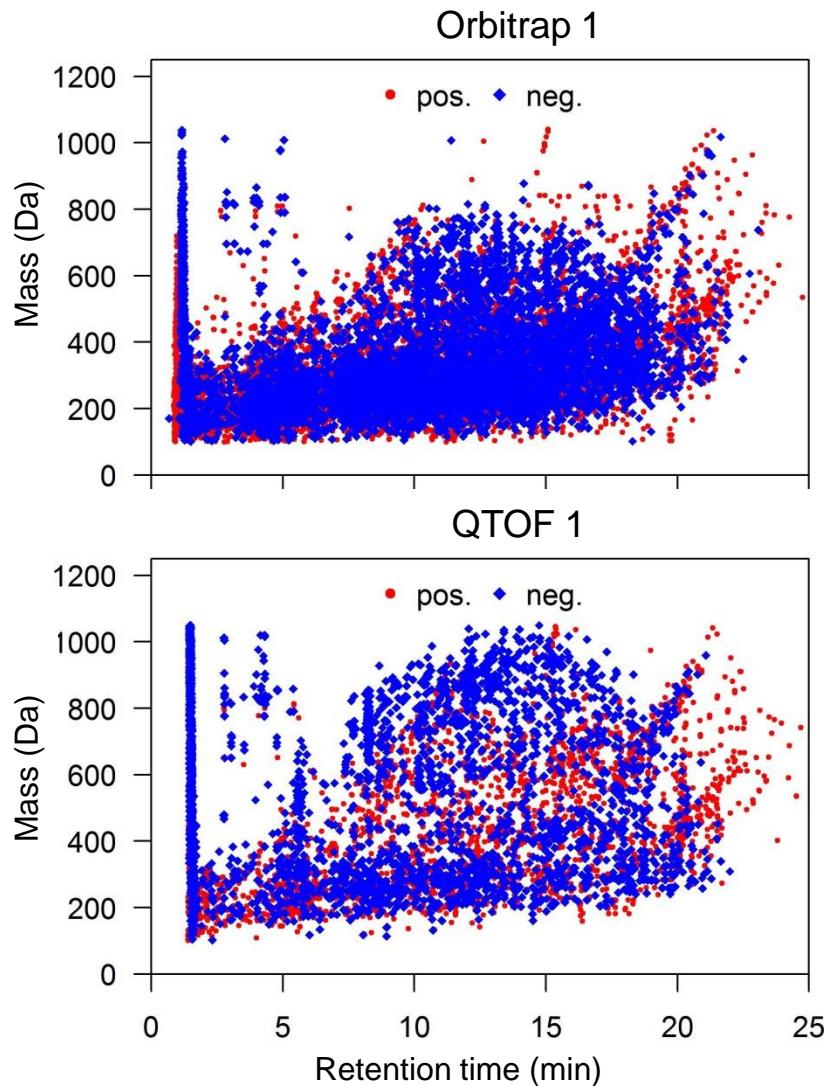
Conversion to mzxML-Format

Processing with **enviMass**

Comparison of the datasets

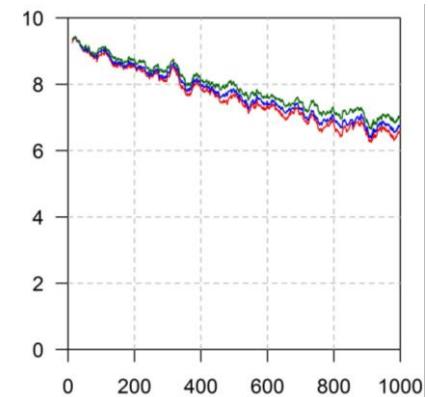
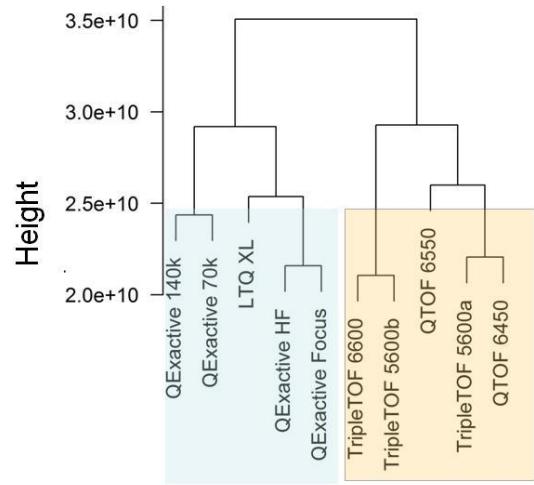


## Non-target trial – Results: Raw data



## Non-target trial – Summary

- Most intense signals of one institute are also detected in other institutions
- Small but systematic differences between the different type of mass spectrometers
- Further optimization of LC-HRMS data processing parameters scheduled
- Results are basis for the implementation of common workflow for data of different mass spectrometers for a river-basin wide “real-time” river monitoring



## Special monitoring campaign 2017

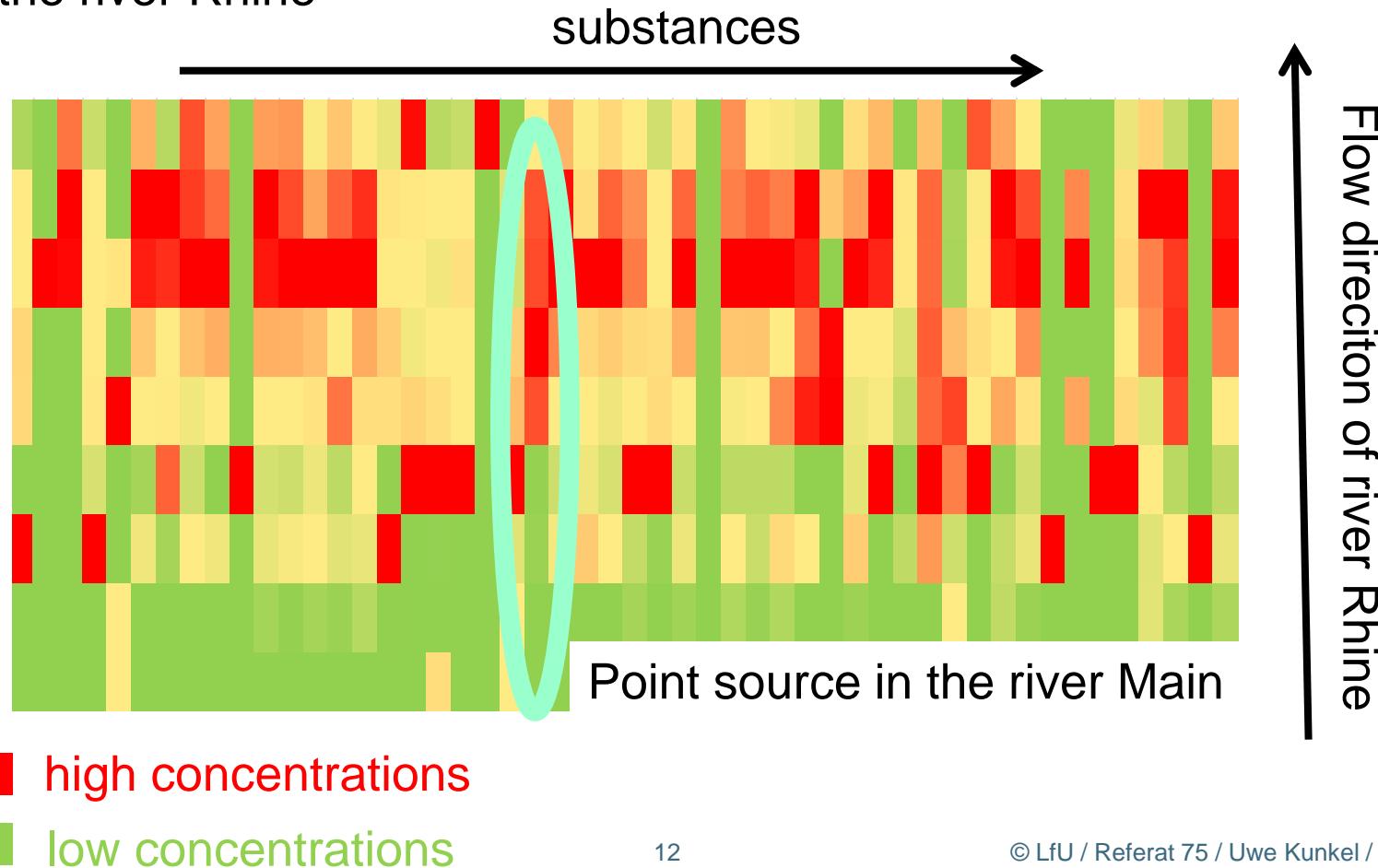


- 4 sampling campaigns (March to September 2017)
- 7 day composite samples
- **Target analysis** for 88 compounds that are not routinely measured in the Rhine catchment (16 stations)
- **Non-target analysis** (21 stations) with two different methods
  - 2 master thesis at BfG and EAWAG/AUE Basel-Stadt

Thanks to the BfG in Koblenz for organizing the sample shipment!

## Special monitoring campaign 2017

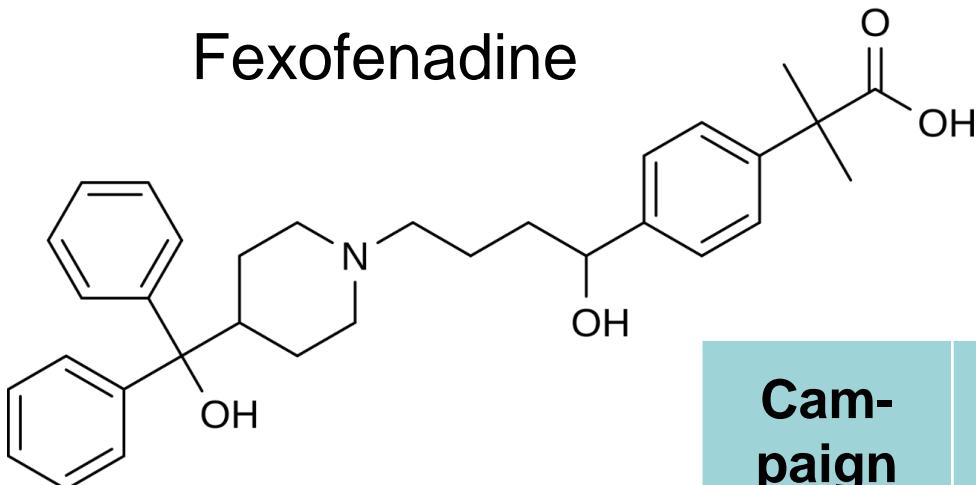
Focussing on unknown compounds with point sources that are emitted along the river Rhine



## Special monitoring campaign 2017

Example: Substance primarily discharged by a source in the river Main

Fexofenadine



Transfer to target analysis (BfG)

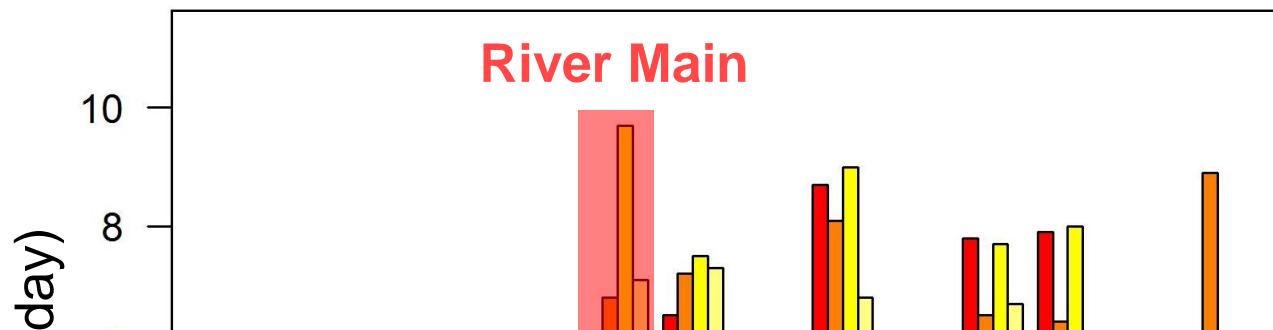
Antihistamine drug  
used in the treatment  
of allergy symptoms

Cam-paign	Rhine before Main (ng/L)	Main (ng/L)
1	< 5	480
2	16	510
3	17	840
4	10	610

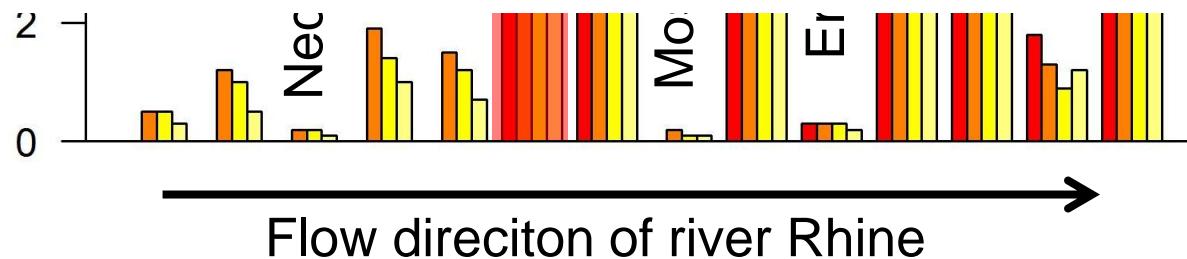
## Special monitoring campaign 2017

Example: Substance primarily discharged by a source in the river Main

Fexofenadine



- Reporting of data to responsible authorities in Germany
- Discussion of potential mitigation measures



## Summary

- Harmonized methods as basis for an efficient and quick information exchange focused on leakages and unintentional discharges
- Identification of previously not recognized organic micropollutants in the Rhine catchment
- Identification no absolutely prerequisite for detection of emission sources and potential mitigation actions
- Setup of boundary conditions for a future real-time river-basin wide monitoring program and alarm concept for organic pollutants

## Acknowledgements

- **NORMAN network for invitation**
- **ICPR and all members of EG SANA for valuable contributions**



Departement für Wirtschaft, Soziales und Umwelt des Kantons Basel-Stadt

**Amt für Umwelt und Energie**



**TZW**  
Technologiezentrum  
Wasser



**LANUV**  
Kompetenz für ein  
lebenswertes Land

**eawag**  
aquatic research ooo



**umweltbundesamt<sup>①</sup>**

Zweckverband  
Landeswasserversorgung



Rijkswaterstaat  
Ministry of Infrastructure and the  
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